### HINDUSTAN COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH FIRST YEAR –I SEMESTER --COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH- LZ11A QUESTION BANK

### FROM ALL THE UNITS OF THE TEXT

- 1. Introduce yourself to the audience and at different places
- 2. Introduce others to the audience
- 3. Prepare a bio-note
- 4. List out the characteristics of Listening
- 5. Mention skills of listening
- 6. State the classification of English Language Pronunciation
- 7. Differentiate American and British Pronunciation
- 8. Explain the Skills of reading—skimming and scanning
- 9. Define Dictionary, Thesaurus, and Encyclopaedia
- 10. Explain Noun and its types with examples
- 11. How to do conversion of singular into plural with examples
- 12. Explain Pronoun and its types with examples
- 13. Define Adjective and its types and explain how to use adjectives in a sentence with examples
- 14. What is the purpose of listening?
- 15. How to listen effectively or effective listening?
- 16. Explain the tonal variations in listening with examples.
- 17. Explain the different purposes of listening for information, asking for information, and giving information?
- 18. Explain the four skills of reading and its strategies.
- 19. Comprehend the theme and summary of the poem, "Hope" is the thing with feathers" by Emily Dickinson and the short story, "Thank You M'am" by Langston Hughes and apply the strategies of intensive reading skill.
- 20. What is meant by paragraph?
- 21. State the structure/three components of paragraph.
- 22. Mention the types of paragraphs.
- 23. Mention the search engines.
- 24. How do refine or narrow down your research in the internet?
- 25. What is meant by Plagiarism and explain how to avoid it?
- 26. Mention some of the internet vocabularies in English.
- 27. Mention the regular verbs and irregular verbs with examples.
- 28. State minimum ten strong verbs for say, talk, look, and workhorse.
- 29. Define concord and its types with examples.
- 30. Mention the phrases which used for giving and following instructions.
- 31. State the imperative which used for asking and giving directions.
- 32. What is meant by connectives? Give examples.
- 33. Illustrate the connective ideas with examples.
- 34. What are the essential parts of the editorial?
- 35. What are the aspects need to be considered to form opinion on an editorial?
- 36. Explain in details the features of "Descriptive Writing". (what and why do you describe)
- 37. What are the forms of description?
- 38. Explain the steps involved in to organize the paragraph in a descriptive writing.

- 39. What is meant by Verbals?
- 40. Define Gerund and Gerund Phrase with examples.
- 41. Define the types of Infinitive with examples.
- 42. Define Participles and its types with examples.
- 43. Mention the purpose of Model Auxiliary Verbs with examples.
- 44. State the Model Auxiliary verbs used to make polite requests. Give examples.
- 45. Give expressions for giving opinions and for asking opinions.
- 46. Give formal and informal expressions for giving opinions and for asking opinions.
- 47. Define Note Making and Note Taking and mention the skills involved in both.
- 48. Explain the uses of Note Making/Note Taking.
- 49. Mention the characteristics of Note Making/Note Taking.
- 50. Explain how to make notes to the given passage with examples.
- 51. Explain the role of abbreviations and symbols in Note Making.
- 52. Elucidate the types of Note Making with example.
- 53. What is meant by Narrative Essay?
- 54. Explain the features of Narrative Essay.
- 55. Narrate an incident that happened to you that surprised you the most in three or four paragraphs.
- 56. Define tense and its types.
- 57. Mention the aspects of all tenses with examples.
- 58. Describe your daily routine by using simple present tense.
- 59. Narrate an unforgettable experience of your life (use simple past tense).
- 60. Share your future plans after completing your UG course.(use future tense)
- 61. What is meant by Group Discussion?
- 62. Explain the features of Group Discussion.
- 63. Mention the aspects of a Group Discussion.
- 64. Mention the personality traits can be gauged by Group Discussion.
- 65. Why does a company conduct Group Discussion to their applicants?
- 66. State the rules of a Group Discussion.
- 67. What should be followed in a Group Discussion?
- 68. Mention the advantages of Group Discussion.
- 69. What should be avoided in a Group Discussion?
- 70. Read the pie-chart/ flow chart/ map/ bar diagram and answer the questions.
- 71. Mention the types of structure of compare and contrast essay.
- 72. State some of the compare and contrast structure transition words.
- 73. Explain the criteria to be followed while making comparison and contrast essay.
- 74. Write a comparison and contrast essay uses the point-by-point structure to the methods of communication used today with those of yesteryears.
- 75. Compare and contrast online teaching and real-time classroom teaching.

76. Define Active voice and Passive voice with examples.

# PART -- A (20 marks)

# 1. Read the following dialogue and answer the questions that follow: (15 marks)

Sneha: Hi, just came to give you the cake I made...

Rajan: Wow, looks yummy...thank you...

Sneha: What's the hurry? Are you going somewhere?

Rajan: Yeah, I'm planning to go to the College Readers' Club.

Sneha: Oh, I didn't know about it.... Where is it?

Rajan: It's on the Trunk Road, near the Hill station Mall... There's so much reading and fun there.

Sneha: Is the club open on all days?

Rajan: No, only on weekends, from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Sneha: What sort of books is available?

Rajan: Fiction, Non-fiction, Travelogues, fantasy.... you can even find newly published books.

Sneha: Can we borrow books?

Rajan: No, we're allowed only to sit and read in the library.... Much more than this, films screened, group discussions and quizzes provide us an enjoyable learning experience... Even if you miss going there for a week, no worries, the events will be updated on the Club webpage.

Sneha: I wish I were a member there...

Rajan: Anyway, it's not too late. All that you need is your college ID card for getting a membership.

Sneha: Is there any membership fee?

Rajan: No, only the College ID card ... it's mandatory.

Sneha: Fine then. Let me quickly go home and get my ID... I'll be back in five

minutes....Wait for me... I'll join you.

Rajan: Sure.

## a) Fill in the blanks: (4)

i. Rajan was getting ready to go to \_\_\_\_\_

ii. Sneha hasn't joined the Club yet, because she \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is mandatory to get membership in the Club.

iv. The Club functions on weekends from \_\_\_\_\_.

b) Where is the College Readers' Club located? (2)

c) Does the library lend books? (1)

d) What are the events that are held in the Club? (2)

e) i. Which word in the dialogue mean "a piece of writing about travel"?(1)

ii. Synonyms: Fiction, Fantasy (1)

iii. Antonym: Mandatory, Quickly (1)

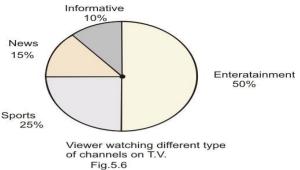
iv. Which word in the dialogue mean "offer or let somebody use"? (1)

**f**) State whether the following statements are true or false and explain why. (2)

i. Sneha brought a cake for Rajan.

ii. Sneha's house is very far from that of Rajan's

2. Read the following pi chart and answer the questions that follow: (5 marks)



- 1. Which category of channels has the least viewership? (1)
- 2. Which category does the Discovery channel belong to? (1)
- 3. Do you think people are right about their choice? Why? (2)
- 4. According to the graph, which is your favourite category of Channel? (1)

#### Part -- B (10 marks)

#### 3. Read the following passage. Each line contains an error in the phrase underlined. Identify the error and write the correct answer in the space given. (errors- spelling/ confusing words, articles, sub-verb agreement, punctuation and tenses)(5 marks)

Passage	Error	Correction
The cinema of India consists of films produced in a nation		
of India. Every year more than 1800 film get produced in		
various <u>languages</u> in		
India.Mumbai Chennai Kolkata, Hyderabad, Kochi, Bangalo		
re, Bhubaneshwar-Cuttack and Guwahati is the major centres		
of film production in India. As of 2013, <u>India ranged first</u> in		
terms of annual film output, followed		
by <u>Nigeria</u> , <u>Hollywood</u> and China.		

4. Answer ANY ONE of the following questions:

(5 marks)

### a) Complete the following text using ACTIVE or PASSIVE forms of the verbs in the parentheses. Be careful about using the correct tense.

This is a journal entry of a Bulgarian girl. Sl	he is explaining her concerns about chicken flu. A
couple of weeks ago, in Romania, chicken f	u was discovered. It (think) that it
(come) from Turkey, which	(locate) only a couple of hundred miles

south of Romania. Now, people \_ \_ (give) injections, and a lot of chickens (kill) for the purpose of keeping the virus from spreading.

## b) Rewrite the following passage in the past tense.

Learning something new can be a scary experience. I am scared of water. I always remember my first swimming class to throw away that fear. After a shower, I change my dress in the locker room and I come out to the pool. As I stand there timidly, the Instructor pushes me into the water. I struggle to breathe in the beginning, but mange to pull my head out of the water. I succeed in learning to swim.

## Part -- C (20 marks)

(4x5=20 marks)

5. Answer ANY FOUR of the followings. a) Your exams are beginning tomorrow. Write a journal of your daily activities of the last one

week to describe your preparation for the exams.

b) Narrate your experience during the Covid-19 pandemic lockdown.

c) Write a paragraph describing the picture given below.



d) Do you believe that online courses are the future? Why? Write a paragraph explaining the pros and cons of online courses.

e) How does James get to Monika's house from the school? Give directions and a few landmarks to him.



f) Read the following passage, make notes and give a short summary

William Shakespeare, the famous British dramatist and poet lived from 1564 to 1616. He was born in a village called Stratford-upon-Avon and moved to London where he wrote plays for a theatre group called Lord Chamberlaine's Men. His plays were performed in a theatre called The Globe and were very successful. Later in his life, Shakespeare returned to Stratford-upon-Avon where he died quite a rich man. Shakespeare wrote 39 plays, five narrative poems and 154 sonnets. He wrote three kinds of plays—comedies, tragedies and histories. Among his famous comedies are The Comedy of Errors, As You Like It, Twelfth Night and A Midsummer Night's Dream. Hamlet, Othello, Romeo and Juliet and King Lear are some of his tragedies while Richard II, Henry IV, Henry V and Richard III are history plays. Apart from these, he also wrote plays based on Roman history like Anthony and Cleopatra and Julius Caeser. His plays have been translated into many languages and are still performed the world over.

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